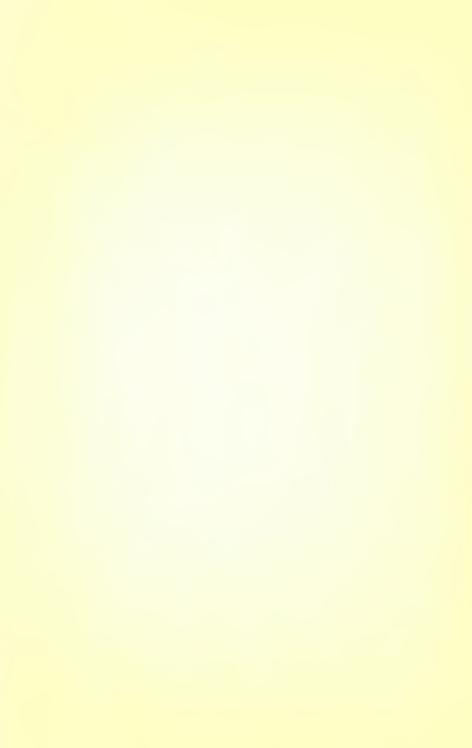


PT 7232 E5M3









RUNIC ODES

FROM THE

NORSE TONGUE.



M43174

RUNIC ODES

FROM THE

NORSE TONGUE.

ΣΟΦΙ-

—AN EN ΜΥΧΟΙΣΙ ΠΙΕΡΙΔΩΝ.

PIND. PYTH. 6.

BY THOMAS JAMES MATHIAS.

A NEW EDITION.

LONDON:

515751 3. I. SI

Printed for T. BECKET, in Pall Mall,

By J. COOPER, No. 31, Bow Street, Covent Garden.

M.DCC.XC.

PT 7232 E5 M3

ADVERTISEMENT.

THESE curious remains of the most remote Northern Antiquity are taken from the Treatise of Bartholinus on the causes of the contempt of death among the Danes.

They are attempted from the originals, in that manner which Mr. Gray conceived as best adapted to transfuse the wild spirit of Norse poetry into the English language.

Numeros animosque secutus Archilochi, non verba.

The literal Latin translation of the two first Odes is subjoined, for the satisfaction of those who may wish to observe how the radical positions and ideas may be expanded in conformity to the genius of these prophetic scriptures of the North.

ODE

^a For a farther account of this Mythology, the Northern Antiquities of Mr. Mallet (translated in two volumes octavo) may be consulted.



ODE I.

THE TWILIGHT OF THE GODS;

OR,

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE WORLD.

ARGUMENT.

THE Twilight of the Gods, in the Northern Mythology, is that period when Lok, the Evil Being, shall break his confinement; the Human Race, the Stars, and the Sun, shall disappear; the Earth sink in the Seas, and Fire consume the Skies: even Odin himself, and all his kindred Gods, shall perish.

The following ODE contains a Description of the Events which, according to this dark Mythology, will precede the Destruction of the World.

RUNIC ODES.

ODE I.

THE TWILIGHT OF THE GODS;

OR,

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE WORLD.

From the chambers of the East,
In robes of terror grimly drest,
Ymir b hath his course begun,
Rival of th' unwearied sun.
Now, in many a glist'ring wreath,
Above, around, and underneath,
The serpent dread c of dateless birth,
Girds the devoted globe of earth;

And,

From Ymir were descended all the families of the giants.

In the Edda, a serpent is supposed to surround the earth.

And, as charm'd by pow'rful spell,
Ocean heaves with furious swell.
The plumed monarch whets his beak,
Seeking where his wrath to wreak;
Till on the plain with corses strew'd
He sates his maw with bleeding food:
While the vessel's d floating pride
Stems duration's rounding tide.

Trace again the folemn rhyme;
From Orient's ever-teeming clime
I fee them come c, an evil race,
Bold in heart and stern in face;
In turbulent array they sweep,
Beneath them groans the burthen'd deep;
Fierce they rush, yet all obey
Monarch Lok's resistless sway.
Gaunt and wild with savage howl,
Mark the wolfish Fenris prowl;
With him stalks a furious train,
Panting for th' ensanguin'd plain:

d In the poetry of the North, the earth is stilled, "The "vessel that sloats on ages." I have made use of this paraphrase for the Nagel fara, or ship of the Gods, here mentioned.

e The Muspelli, a fort of Genii.

Is Beliep's brother left behind?

No:—he flies on wings of wind.

Knowst thou what is done above? No more in halls of joy and love The favour'd guests, profuse of soul, Drain the skull or nectar'd bowl: What Genii shake that nodding frame? These are deeds without a name. Struck with elemental jar, Gods themselves come forth to war: From the many-mansion'd dome Giant tenants loosen'd roam, And around each rock-hewn cell, With heaving groan or fearful yell, Declare what uncontrolled pow'r Presiding rules the mortal hour: These no acts of joy and love— Knowst thou now what's done above?

From the regions of the South Surtur f bursts with fiery mouth;

The prince of the Genii of fire.

High o'er yonder black'ning shade Gleams the hallow'd fun-bright blade, Which in star-bespangled field, Warrior Gods encount'ring wield. From Vengeance' red celestial store Ministers of ruin pour; Caverns yawning, mountains rending: Conscious of the fate impending, Ydrasil's prophetic ash Nods to the air with fudden crash: Monstrous female forms advance. Stride the steed, and couch the lance: Armed heroes throng the plain, Harbingers of Hela's g reign; And fee, from either verge of Heav'n, That concave vast asunder riv'n.

Why does beauteous Lina h weep?
Whence those lorn notes in accent deep?
A day of war!—prepare, prepare:
Alost in distant realms of air,

E The Goddess of Death.

h The spouse of Odin.

Mark the murd'rous monster is stalk
In printless majesty of walk.
Odin fearless meets the shock,
While Heav'n's high tow'rs around him rock;
Though arm'd in panoply divine,
He yields, and owns the sated sign;
To the mansions drear he turns—
In vain the beauteous Lina mourns.

Glowing with paternal fire,
Generous rage and fierce defire,
See Odin's offspring, Vidar bold,
His fanguine course unfault'ring hold.
In vain 'gainst him in fell accord
Giant forms uplift the sword;
He locks his foe in iron sleep,
And stamps the filial vengeance deep.

Think not yet the measure full, Or the fword with carnage dull; Lodina's glory, heart and hand, Joins the fight and takes his stand.

¹ The wolf Fenris, by whom Odin was flain.

Lo! in many a horrid turn,
Crest that glistens, eyes that burn,
The lordly serpent rolls along,
Nor sears the brave, nor heeds the strong:
But hark, 'twas Fate in thunder spoke;
Vidar deals the daring stroke,
Lays the death-doom'd monster low,
And triumphs o'er his burnish'd soe.

From the cavern deep and dank,
Bonds that burst, and chains that clank,
Proclaim the griesly form canine
Loosen'd from his long confine:
Garmar k foams with rage and shame;
Garmar, to gods no fearless name.

Signs abroad portentous low'r;
'Tis Defolation's fatal hour:
Fiery shapes the æther wing;
Surtur calls; they know their king.
Dark encircling clouds absorb
The lustre of light's central orb;

k Immediately previous to the destruction of the world, the Edda supposes that the Stygian Dog, named Garmar, will be unbound.

Conscious stars no more dispense
Their gently beaming influence,
But bursting from their shaken sphere,
Unsubstantial disappear.
No more this pensile mundane ball
Rolls through the wide aëreal hall;
Ingulphed sinks the vast machine.
Who shall say, THE THINGS HAVE BEEN!



ODE II.

THE RENOVATION OF THE WORLD,

AND

FUTURE RETRIBUTION.

ARGUMENT.

THE Gods (or Dæmones) meet on the Top of Mount Inda, and fing the following prophetic Song of Triumph.

ODE II.

THE RENOVATION OF THE WORLD,

AND

FUTURE RETRIBUTION.

Now the Spirit's plastic might Brooding o'er the formless deep, O'er the dusk abysim of night, Bids Creation cease to sleep.

Instant from the riven main Starts the renovated earth; Pine-clad mountain, shaded plain; See, 'tis Nature's second birth.

Gods on Inda fpread the board; Such was the supreme decree: Swell the strains in full accord, Strains of holiest harmony.

- " Pour the sparkling beverage high;
- " Be the fong with horror fraught:
- " Lab'ring1 earth, and ruin'd fky,
- " Fix the foul in folemn thought.
- " Odin next inspire the verse,
- "Gor'd by the relentless fang ";
- "Æther felt the conflict fierce,
- " Dying groan and parting pang.
- "Where is now his vaunted might?
- "Where the terror of his eye?
- "Fled for aye from scenes of light:
- " Pour the sparkling beverage high.
- " Lo! they fleet in radiant round
- "Years of plenty, years of joy:
- "Sorrow's place no more is found,
- " Cares that vex, or fweets that cloy.
- " From the kindly teeming foil
- " Ripen'd harvests wave unsown;
- "Wherefore need the peafants toil?
- " Nature works, and works alone.

¹ Alluding to the preceding Ode.

m Fenris, by whom Odin was flain.

[17]

- " Ask you whose the scepter'd sway?
- "Tis to lordly Balder giv'n:
- " Mark him there in bright array
- "Stalking through the halls of heav'n.
- " Hoder holds united reign;
- "Latest times their strength shall prove,
- Monarchs of the bleak domain.
- "Knowst thou now what's done above?
- " Is it bleft delufion's hour?
- "Rolls mine eye in frenzied trance?
- "Beams of glory round me fhow'r;
- "Troops of radiant forms advance.
- "Founded on that firm-fet rock,
- "Rising view the dome of gold n,
- "Fix'd fecure from wintry shock:
- "There the good, and there the bold.
- " High in tracts of troubled air
- " Justice waves her awful fword:
- "Vice appall'd, with hideous stare,
- "Shrinks ere fpoke the dooming word.
- Gimli, the palace of the bleft; called otherwise Vingolf, the palace of friendship.

- " Conscience comes, a tort'ring fiend,
- "Bids his minions round him roll;
- " Fell Remorfe, the breast to rend,
- " Agony, to ftorm the foul.
- "In Nastronda's o northern plain
- "Hark, th' envenom'd portals ope:
- " Respite there is none of pain,
- " Cheerless all, without a hope.
- " Dog-ey'd Luft, Adult'ry foul,
- " Murder red with many a stain,
- " At the fatal entrance fcowl
- " Bound in adamantine chain.
- " Mark the house; if right we deem,
- "Tis of scales serpentine built;
- "Round it brawls a turbid stream:
- " Mortal, fuch th' abode of guilt."
- "Knowst thou now what's done above?
- "Knowst thou now the deeds of Night?"
 They spoke: the feast of joy and love
 Glow'd on Inda's glist'ring height.
 - · The place of punishment for the wicked.

ODE III.

DIALOGUE

AT THE

TOMB OF ARGANTYR.

ARGUMENT.

HERVOR repairs to the tomb of her Father Argantyr, at the dead of night, and invokes his fpirit to deliver up the magical fword, TRIFINGUS, which was buried with him.

ODE III.

DIALOGUE

AT THE TOMB OF ARGANTYRP.

HERVOR.

Thy daughter calls: Argantyr, break
The bonds of death; fhe calls, awake:
Reach me forth the temper'd blade
Beneath thy marble pillow laid,
Which once a scepter'd warrior bore,
Forg'd by dwarfs q in years of yore.
Where are the sons of Angrim fled?
Mingled with the valiant dead.
From under twisted roots of oak
Blasted by the thunder's stroke,
Arise, arise, ye men of blood,
Ye who prepar'd the vulture's food;
Give me the sword and studded belt,
Armies whole their force have felt;

P See Hickes's Thefaurus Septentrional. Vol. I.

⁹ Dwarfs or Nani, in the northern fense, answer to Cyclops. Hickes's Thesaurus.

Or grant my pray'r, or mould'ring rot, Your name your deeds alike forgot: Argantyr, rouse thee from thy rest; Hear, and grant thy child's request.

ARGANTYR.

Daughter, I hear the magic found
That wakes the tenants of the ground:
Why callst thou thus? What dire intent
Is within thy bosom pent?
No friendly hand, no parent, gave
My bones to rest in hallow'd grave;
To me no facred rite was paid;
Here by barbaric hands convey'd,
In this mansion cold, forlorn,
My gloomy ghost shall ever mourn.
Think not by unceasing pray'r
Hence the charmed sword to bear;
For know, above in realms of light,
Trisingus is another's right.

HERVOR.

Ha! my fire, what words accurft
Have from the lip of falsehood burst?

[23]

Thou knowst with thee in darkness laid Sleeps the confecrated blade:
Yield it, 'tis th' appointed hour,
Or dread avenging Odin's pow'r.

ARGANTYR.

With awe my words prophetic hear;
Hervor, 'tis for thee I fear:
The fates have feal'd thy offspring's doom;
Trifingus brings them to the tomb.

HERVOR.

Talk not to me of future times;
I fwear, by force of magic rhymes,
Repose the dead shall know no more,
Till thou the gifted sword restore.

ARGANTYR.

Maid, thy warlike foul I blefs,
Who rov'ft by night in armed drefs,
With fpell-wrought helmet iron proof,
And garments wove in mystic woof;

Who

Argantyr here prophecies the death of the future fons of his yet virgin daughter, Hervor.

Who dar'st in thrilling accents call The dead from their sepulchral hall.

HERVOR.

No more this idle converse hold;
Once I thought thy spirit bold:
Give me forth the radiant brand;
Hear, and grant my just demand.
Know, my sire, th' appointed hour,
And dread avenging Odin's pow'r.

ARGANTYR.

Here within the fated sheath
Hialmar's ruin lies beneath,
Wrapt in its own terrific flame:
What maid but trembles at the name?

HERVOR.

I tremble not—the flame, though bright,
Is but ineffectual light,
That plays around the buried corfe
With meteor glare devoid of force:
I'll grasp the sword in terror drest,
And give thy gloomy spirit rest.

[25]

ARGANTYR.

Rash virgin, to thy pray'r I yield: Lo Trifingus stands reveal'ds! Blazing like the noon-day sun.—

HERVOR.

King of men, 'tis nobly done:

This blade with rapt'rous joy I own
A greater gift than Norway's throne.

ARGANTYR.

Fond exulting daughter, know
These transports work thee lasting woe;
By the dread sword ('tis thus decreed)
Thy sons, e'en Hydreks' self, shall bleed.

HERVOR.

I must to my ships repair;
Battle is the warrior's care:
If in the purple fount of life
They steep the steel in mortal strife,
By no ignoble stroke they fall,
And sink with joy to Odin's hall.

Here the fword is delivered to Hervor from the tomb.

ARGANTYR.

Hie thee hence from death's domain, With rev'rence keep Hialmar's bane; Touch but the blade, a warrior dies, There quick-speeding poison lies; Thou art of a race divine, Take the gift the gods assign.

HERVOR.

Never shall Trifingus sleep,
But move with desolating sweep;
Never fear invade my breast,
Nor dying sons my peace molest;
If by Trifingus' stroke they fall,
They sink with joy to Odin's hall.

ARGANTYR.

Hark, e'en now with fullen moan
Victims twelve beneath thee groan:
Armed in paternal might
Go forth, my child, and dare the fight;
Angrim's portion'd wealth is thine;
Take the gift the gods affign.

[27]

HERVOR.

Now, in the filence of the tomb,

Dwell undifturb'd till final doom:

I must tread my destin'd road,

And speed me from this drear abode;

For here, as still my steps I turn,

Flaky fires around me burn.



ODE IV.

AN INCANTATION

FOUNDED ON

THE NORTHERN MYTHOLOGY.

HEAR, ye Rulers of the North, Spirits of exalted worth; By the filence of the night, By fubtle magic's fecret rite; By Peolphan murky King, Master of th' enchanted ring; By all and each of hell's grim host Howling demon, tortur'd ghost; By each spell and potent word Burst from lips of Glauron's Lord; By Coronzon's awful power; By the dread and folemn hour, When Gual fierce and Damael strong Stride the blast that roars along; Or in fell descending swoop, Bid the furious spirit stoop O'er desolation's gloomy plain, Haunt of warriors battle-flain.

Now the world in fleep is laid, THORBIORGA calls your aid.

Mark the fable feline coat, Spotted girdle velvet-wrought; Mark the skin of glistening snake Sleeping feiz'd in forest brake; Mark the radiant chrystal stone, On which day's fovereign never shone, From the cavern dark and deep Digg'd i'th' hour of mortal fleep; Mark the cross, in mystic round Meetly o'er the fandal bound, And the fymbols grav'd thereon, Holiest Tetragrammaton! Now while midnight torches gleam, Rivals of the Moon's pale beam, On ocean's unfrequented shore Some moss-grown ruin filvering o'er, I fcatter round this charmed room The fragrance of the myrrh's perfume, And bending o'er this confecrated fword, Confirm each murmur'd spell, each inly-thrilling word.

ODE I.

CREPUSCULUM DEORUM,

SEU

INTERITUS MUNDI.

BARTHOLINUS DE CAUSIS CONTEMPTÆ MORTIS APUD DANOS, L. II. C. 14.

Hrymr ekr austau, &c.

HRYMUS (gigas quidam) ab ortu aurigat;
Intumefcit mare:
Volutat se lormungandus (anguis terram ambire creditus)
Furore giganteo.
Anguis maria movet;
Aquila vero clangit,
Dilaniat cadavera lurido rostro.
Nafglar (navis) solvitur.

Navis ab ortu venit;
Aderunt Muspelli,
Per mare incolæ;
Lokus vero gubernat.
Incedunt furentes populi,
Cum lupo omnes;
Illiscum frater
Beleipi prodit.

Quid novi apud Deos geritur? Quid apud Genios? Fragore personat totus gigantum mundus. Dii in foro versantur; Gemunt nani
Ante lapidearum habitationum ostia,
Lapideorum meatuum gnari;
Nostin' adhuc quid rei geritur?

Surtur ab Auftro prodit,
Igne comitante;
Radiat folis inftar, enfis
Deorum bellacium.
Saxa ruinam minantur:
Fœminæ giganteæ vagantur;
Calcant viam Helæ:
Diffinditur cælum.

Tunc evenit Hlinæ
Dolor fecundus;
Quando Odinus prodit
Ad dimicandum cum lupo;
Occiforque Belæ,
Candidus cum furto:
Tum Friggæ
Cadet maritus.

Tum prodit magnus
Filius Odini,
Vidarus, ut pugnet
Cum stragis animali (lupo.)
Curat fobolis giganteæ
Insistere
Gladium cordi:
Tum patris mortem ulciscitur.

Tum prodit magnus
Filius Lodinæ;
Incedit Odini filius
Ut cum lupo (feu fratre lupi Iormungando) dimicet;

Magnâ audaciâ
Occidit midguardicum anguem.
Viri omnes
E mundo evacuabuntur.

Latrat Garmus valde
Ante Guipense antrum;
Rumpentur catenæ,
Et proruet lupus.
Progreditur passus novem
Fyorginæ proles,
Tristis ab angue
Mala facere non timido.

Nigrefcit fol;
Immergitur mari tellus:
Disparescunt e cælo
Serenæ stellæ:
Sævit ignis
Sub sæculi extremitatem;
Lambit ascendens slamma
Ipsum cælum.

ODE II.

NOVI MUNDI EXORTUS.

BARTHOLINUS UT SUP.

· Ser hon uppkoma, &c.

VIDET illa emergere Alterâ vice Terram e mari Valde viridem; Labuntur aquæ; Supervolat aquila, Quæ in montibus Pisces capit.

Conveniunt Dii
In Idæt campo;
Et de dirutis habitaculis
Validis loquuntur;
Ibique mentionem faciunt
Magnorum colloquiorum,
Et Odini
Antiquorum fermonum.

Ibi deinde
Mirabiles orbes
Deaurati aleatorii
In gramine invenientur,
Quos olim possederant
Rector deorum,
Et Odini progenies.

Inda. V. Lect.

Ferent non fati
Agri fructum:
Adversa quævis cessent;
Aderit Balderus.
Incolent Balderus et Hodus
Odini dirutas ædes,
Bene bellaces Dii.
Nostin' adhuc quid rei geritur;

Domum stare videt
Sole clariorem
Auro tectam
In Gimli;
Ibi probi
Populi babitabunt,
Et per sæcula
Gaudio fruentur.

Tum prodit potens ille, Instante divino judicio, Validus e supernis Qui omnia regit; Hic sententiam fert, Et causas dirimit, Sacra fata statuit, Quæ durabunt.

Advenit fuscus
Draco volans,
Anguis asper ab imis
Nidensibus montibus;
Pennis suis fertur;
Pervolat campum
Nidhoggus mortuorum.
Nunc illa terra absorbetur.

Domum stare videt
A fole remotam
In Nastronda^u;
Fores boream spectant;
Distillant veneni guttæ
Intro per senestras:
Hæc contexta est domus
Spinis serpentinis.

Ibi vadare videt
Rapida fluenta
Viros perjuros,
Et nefarios,
Et qui alterius vellicant
Aurem conjugis.
Rodebat ibi Nidhoggus cadavera;
Laniavit lupus viros.
Noftin' adhuc quid rei geritur?

u The Gothic Hell is termed Nishheim. In Goranson's Latin version of the Edda, Hist. 1ma, is the following passage: "In medio Nishhemii est sonomine Hvergelmer. Hinc profluunt amnes hisce celebrati nominibus Angor, Gaudii Remora, mortis Habitatio, Celerrima Perditio et Vetusta, Vagina, Procella Sæva, Vorago, Stridor et Ululatus, Late Emanans, Vehementer Fremens, portas inferni alluit.—This is evidently the Platonic Inferno in Virgil.

ODE III.

HICKES THESAURUS SEPTENTRIONALIS, Vol. I. p. 193.

Metro haud multum diffimili carmina fua fcripfit Scaldus ille, auctor libri, cui titulus HERVARER SAGA (quem edidit cl. Olaus Verelius) ut constat ex dialogo illo inter Hervarem et Argantyri patris fui manes, à quo ad tumulum stans, ut Trifingum gladium cum eo sepultum daret, rogat.

HERVOR.

WAFNADU ARGANTYR, &c.

HERVOR.

AWAKE, Argantyr; Hervor, the only daughter of thee and Suafu doth awaken thee. Give me out of the tomb the hardened fword which the dwarfs made for Suafurlama. Hervardur, Hiorvardur, Hrani, and Argantyr, with helmet and coat of mail and a sharp sword: with shield and acoutrements, and bloody spear, I wake you all under the roots of trees. Are the sons of Andgrym, who delighted in mischief, now become dust and ashes? Can none of Eyvor's sons now speak with me, out of the habitations of the dead? Harvardur, Hiovardur! So may you all be within your ribs, as a thing that is hanged up to putrify among insects, unless you deliver me the sword which the dwarfs made, and the glorious belt!

ARGANTYR.

Daughter Hervor, full of spells to raise the dead, why dost thou call so? Wilt thou run on to thy own mischies? Thou art mad, and out of thy senses, who art desperately resolved to waken dead men. I was not buried either by father, or other other friends. Two which lived after me, got Tirfing, one of whom is now possessfor thereof.

HERVOR.

Thou dost not tell the truth: So let Odin hide thee in the tomb, as thou hast Tirsing by thee. Art thou unwilling, Argantyr, to give an inheritance to thy only child?

ARGANTYR.

I will tell thee, Hervor, what will come to pass: this Tirfing will, if thou dost believe me, destroy almost all thy offspring. Thou shalt have a son who afterwards must possess. Tirfing, and many think that he will be called Heidrek by the people.

HERVOR.

I do by enchantments make, that the dead shall never enjoy rest, unless Argantyr deliver me Tirsing.

ARGANTYR.

Young maid, I fay thou art of manlike courage, who dost rove about by night to tombs, with spear engraved with magical spells, with helmet and coat of mail, before the door of our hall.

HERVOR.

I took thee for a brave man, before I found out your hall. Give me out of the tomb the workmanship of the dwarfs, which hates all coats of mail; it is not good for thee to hide it.

ARGANTYR.

The death of Hialmar lies under my shoulders; it is all wrapt up in fire; I know no maid in any country, that dares this fword take in hand.

HERVOR.

HERVOR.

I shall keep and take in my hand the sharp sword, if I may obtain it. I do not think that fire will burn, which plays about the sight of deceased men.

ARGANTYR.

O conceited Hervor, thou art mad. Rather than thou in a moment shouldest fall into the fire, I will give thee the sword out of the tomb, young maid, and not hide it from thee.

HERVOR.

Thou dost well, thou offspring of Heroes, that thou didst fend me the sword out of the tomb. I am now better pleased, O Prince! to have it, than if I got all Norway.

ARGANTYR.

False woman, thou dost not understand, that thou speakest foolishly of that in which thou dost rejoice. For Tirsing shall, if thou wilt believe me, maid, destroy all thy offspring.

HERVOR.

I must go to my seamen. Here I have no mind to stay longer. Little do I care, O Royal Friend! what my sons hereafter quarrel about.

ARGANTYR.

Take and keep Hialmar's bane, which thou shalt long have and enjoy. Touch but the edges of it, there is poison in both of them: it is a most cruel devourer of men.

HERVOR.

I shall keep and take in hand the sharp sword which thou hast let me have: I do not fear, O slain Father! what my sons hereaster may quarrel about.

ARGANTYR.

Farewell, daughter! I do quickly give thee twelve men's death, if thou canst believe with might and courage; even all the goods that Andgrym's sons left behind them.

HERVOR.

Dwell all of you fafe in the tomb. I must begone and hasten hence, for I seem to be in the midst of a place where fire burns round about me.

FINIS.













BINDING SECT. JUN 3 0 1970

PT 7232 E5M3 Mathias, Thomas James Runic odes from the Norse tonana

BOOK: Runic odes from the Norse tongue. DUE: 05/29/1997

Please retain this receipt

